# SAFETY DATA SHEET

Revision date: 07-Oct-2024



**Revision Number** 1

## Section 1: Identification

Product identifier

Product Name PU-40 Polyurethane Clear Part A

**Product Code(s)** 000000067025

Other means of identification

UN number or ID number 1307

Safety data sheet number PU068

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use Coating for concrete.

**Uses advised against** No information available.

#### **Details of manufacturer or importer**

#### **Supplier**

Liquimix Pty Ltd ABN: 32 062 887 585

Street Address: 24 Rosa Place

Richlands QLD 4077

Australia

Telephone Number: +61 7 3277 6655

#### Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone number 1 800 033 111 (ALL HOURS)

Please ensure you refer to the limitations of this Safety Data Sheet as set out in the "Other Information" section at the end of this Data Sheet.

## Section 2: Hazard identification

Classified as a hazardous substance in accordance with the criteria of Safe Work Australia - Globally Harmonized System (GHS). Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the Australian Dangerous Goods Code (ADG Code) for Transport by Road and Rail; DANGEROUS GOODS.

## **GHS Classification**

Flammable liquids	Category 3
Aspiration hazard	Category 1
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 2
Reproductive toxicity	Category 1B
Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)	Category 3

#### Label elements

Flame

Exclamation mark Health hazard



#### Signal word DANGER

#### **Hazard statements**

H226 - Flammable liquid and vapor

H315 - Causes skin irritation

H335 - May cause respiratory irritation

H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways

H360FD - May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child

## **Precautionary Statements - Prevention**

Obtain special instructions before use.

Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

Keep container tightly closed.

Ground and bond container and receiving equipment.

Use explosion-proof electrical/ ventilating / lighting/ / equipment.

Use non-sparking tools.

Take action to prevent static discharges.

Wear protective gloves/clothing and eye/face protection.

Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray.

Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling.

#### **Precautionary Statements - Response**

Specific treatment (see First aid on this SDS).

IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water [or shower].

Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.

IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell.

IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.

Do NOT induce vomiting.

In case of fire: Use extinguishing media as outlined in Section 5 of this Safety Data Sheet to extinguish...

## **Precautionary Statements - Storage**

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Store locked up.

## **Precautionary Statements - Disposal**

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local, regional, national, and international regulations as applicable.

#### Other hazards which do not result in classification

# Section 3: Composition and information on ingredients

Chemical name	CAS No.	Weight-%
Xylene	1330-20-7	35-45%
n-Butyl acetate	123-86-4	5-10%
Ethyl 3-ethoxy propionate	763-69-9	1-5%
Dibutyl tin dilaurate	77-58-7	<1%
Non-hazardous ingredients	Proprietary	Balance

## Section 4: First aid measures

#### **Description of first aid measures**

**Inhalation** Remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If breathing is

difficult, (trained personnel should) give oxygen. Give artificial respiration if victim is not breathing. Avoid direct contact with skin. Use barrier to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Seek immediate medical attention/advice. Aspiration into lungs can produce severe lung

damage.

Eye contact In case of eye contact, remove contact lens and rinse immediately with plenty of water, also

under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention if irritation develops and

persists

**Skin contact** Remove and isolate contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash off immediately with soap and

plenty of water. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

**Ingestion** Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Do NOT induce vomiting. Drink 1 or 2 glasses of water.

Get immediate medical attention.

#### Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms No information available.

**Effects of Exposure** No information available.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

**Note to physicians**Treat symptomatically. Aspiration may cause pulmonary edema and pneumonitis.

## Section 5: Firefighting measures

Suitable Extinguishing Media

**Suitable extinguishing media** Dry chemical, CO2, sand, earth, water spray or regular foam.

Unsuitable extinguishing media Water.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Specific hazards arising from the

chemical

Flammable. Will be easily ignited by heat, sparks or flames. Vapors may form explosive mixture with air. Vapors may travel to source of ignition and flash back. Flash back possible over considerable distance. Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating and toxic gases and vapors. Containers may explode when heated. Cool drums with water spray.

Hazardous combustion products Carbon oxides.

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters

Firefighters should wear self-contained breathing apparatus and full firefighting turnout gear. Use personal protection equipment.

Hazchem code 3Y

## Section 6: Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

**Personal precautions** Remove all sources of ignition. All equipment used when handling the product must be

grounded. Avoid breathing vapors or mists. Ensure adequate ventilation. Wear protective

gloves/clothing and eye/face protection.

For emergency responders Pay attention to flashback. Remove all sources of ignition. Use personal protection

recommended in Section 8.

Environmental precautions

**Environmental precautions** See Section 12 for additional Ecological Information.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for containment Stop leak if you can do it without risk. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible

absorbent material, (e.g. sand, earth, diatomaceous earth, vermiculite) and place in container for disposal according to local / national regulations (see Section 13).

Methods for cleaning up

Use clean non-sparking tools to collect absorbed material. Pick up and transfer to properly

labeled containers.

## Section 7: Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

General hygiene considerations Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Avoid breathing vapors or mists. Do not eat, drink

or smoke when using this product. Wear suitable gloves and eye/face protection. Wash

thoroughly after handling.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage Conditions Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep away from heat,

sparks, flame and other sources of ignition (i.e., pilot lights, electric motors and static

electricity). Store locked up.

This material is a Scheduled Poison and must be stored, maintained and used in

accordance with the relevant regulations.

**Incompatible materials** Strong oxidizing agents. Strong acids.

## Section 8: Exposure controls and personal protection

Control parameters

Exposure Limits No value assigned for this specific material by Safe Work Australia. However, Workplace

Exposure Standard(s) for constituent(s):

Chemical name	Australia	New Zealand	ACGIH TLV
Xylene	TWA: 80 ppm	TWA: 50 ppm	TWA: 20 ppm
1330-20-7	TWA: 350 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	TWA: 217 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
	STEL: 150 ppm	-	
	STEL: 655 mg/m <sup>3</sup>		

n-Butyl acetate	TWA: 150 ppm	TWA: 150 ppm	TWA: 50 ppm
123-86-4	TWA: 713 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	TWA: 713 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	STEL: 150 ppm
	STEL: 200 ppm	STEL: 200 ppm	
	STEL: 950 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	STEL: 950 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
Dibutyl tin dilaurate	TWA: 0.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	TWA: 0.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	TWA: 0.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Sn
77-58-7	STEL: 0.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	STEL: 0.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	STEL: 0.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Sn
	_	Sk*	Sk*

Chemical name	European Union	United Kingdom	Germany DFG
Xylene	TWA: 50 ppm	TWA: 50 ppm	TWA: 50 ppm
1330-20-7	TWA: 221 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	TWA: 220 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	TWA: 220 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	STEL: 100 ppm	STEL: 100 ppm	Peak: 100 ppm
	STEL: 442 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	STEL: 441 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Peak: 440 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	*	Sk*	Sk*
n-Butyl acetate	-	TWA: 150 ppm	TWA: 100 ppm
123-86-4		TWA: 724 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	TWA: 480 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
		STEL: 200 ppm	Peak: 200 ppm
		STEL: 966 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Peak: 960 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Ethyl 3-ethoxy propionate	-	-	TWA: 100 ppm
763-69-9			TWA: 610 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
			Peak: 100 ppm
			Peak: 610 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
			Sk*
Dibutyl tin dilaurate	-	TWA: 0.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	TWA: 0.004 ppm
77-58-7		STEL: 0.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	TWA: 0.02 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
		Sk*	Peak: 0.004 ppm
			Peak: 0.02 mg/m <sup>3</sup>

Chemical name	Australia	ACGIH	European Union
Xylene	-	1.5 g/g creatinine	-
1330-20-7			

As published by Safe Work Australia Workplace Exposure Standards for Airborne Contaminants.

TWA - The time-weighted average airborne concentration of a particular substance when calculated over an eight-hour working day, for a five-day working week.

STEL - (ACGIH - Short-Term Exposure Limit) - a 15-minute TWA exposure which should not be exceeded at any time during a work day even if the 8-hour TWA is within the ACGIH -TWA. Exposures above the ACGIH-TWA up to the STEL should not be longer than 15 minutes and should not occur more than four times per day. There should be at least 60 minutes between successive exposures in this range.

'Sk' (skin) Notice - absorption through the skin may be a significant source of exposure. The exposure standard is invalidated if such contact should occur.

These Workplace Exposure Standards are guides to be used in the control of occupational health hazards. All atmospheric contamination should be kept to as low a level as is workable. These workplace exposure standards should not be used as fine dividing lines between safe and dangerous concentrations of chemicals. They are not a measure of relative toxicity.

#### Appropriate engineering controls

Engineering controls Showers

Eyewash stations Ventilation systems.

#### Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

The selection of PPE is dependent on a detailed risk assessment. The risk assessment should consider the work situation, the physical form of the chemical, the handling methods, and environmental factors.

OVERALLS, SAFETY SHOES, SAFETY GLASSES, GLOVES, RESPIRATOR.



**Eye/face protection** Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles).

**Skin and body protection**Wear suitable protective clothing.

Hand protection Protective gloves.

Respiratory protection If determined by a risk assessment an inhalation risk exists, wear an organic vapour

respirator meeting the requirements of AS/NZS 1715 and AS/NZS 1716.

None known

**Environmental exposure controls** No information available.

Thermal hazards No information available.

## Section 9: Physical and chemical properties

## Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical stateLiquidAppearanceClearColorColourlessOdorAromatic

Odor threshold No information available

<u>Property</u> <u>Values</u> <u>Remarks • Method</u>

No data available pН None known pH (as aqueous solution) No data available None known Melting point / freezing point No data available None known Boiling point / boiling range No data available None known Flash point 26°C None known **Evaporation rate** No data available None known Flammability (solid, gas) No data available None known

Flammability Limit in Air

Upper flammability or explosive No data available

limits

Lower flammability or explosive No data available

limits

Vapor pressure 0.8 - 1.2 kPa None known No data available Vapor density None known Relative density None known 0.96 Water solubility No data available None known Solubility(ies) No data available None known No data available **Partition coefficient** None known 432°C - 530°C **Autoignition temperature** None known No data available **Decomposition temperature** None known No data available Kinematic viscosity None known No data available Dynamic viscosity None known

Other information

## Section 10: Stability and reactivity

Reactivity

**Reactivity** Reacts with strong oxidising agents.

Chemical stability

**Stability** Stable under normal conditions.

**Explosion data** 

**Sensitivity to mechanical impact** None. **Sensitivity to static discharge** None.

Possibility of hazardous reactions

**Possibility of hazardous reactions** None under normal processing.

Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid Heat, flames and sparks.

Incompatible materials

**Incompatible materials** Strong oxidizing agents. Strong acids.

Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition products Carbon oxides.

## Section 11: Toxicological information

#### Information on likely routes of exposure

Product Information No adverse health effects expected if the chemical is handled in accordance with this Safety

Data Sheet and the chemical label. Symptoms or effects that may arise if the chemical is

mishandled and overexposure occurs are:

**Inhalation** Inhalation of vapors in high concentration may cause irritation of respiratory system. May

cause central nervous system depression with nausea, headache, dizziness, vomiting, and

incoordination.

**Eye contact** May cause irritation.

**Skin contact**Causes skin irritation. Prolonged skin contact may defat the skin and produce dermatitis.

**Ingestion** Ingestion may cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea. May cause

central nervous system depression. Potential for aspiration if swallowed. Aspiration may

cause pulmonary edema and pneumonitis.

Symptoms No information available.

Acute toxicity .

Numerical measures of toxicity - Product Information

No information available

**Component Information** 

Chemical name	Oral LD50	Dermal LD50	Inhalation LC50
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Xylene	= 3500 mg/kg (Rat)	> 4350 mg/kg (Rabbit)	= 29.08 mg/L (Rat) 4 h
n-Butyl acetate	= 10768 mg/kg (Rat)	> 17600 mg/kg (Rabbit)	= 0.74 mg/L (Rat) 4 h
Ethyl 3-ethoxy propionate	= 5 g/kg (Rat)	> 9500 mg/kg (Rabbit)	> 5.96 mg/L (Rat)6 h
Dibutyl tin dilaurate	175 mg/kg (Rat)	> 2000 mg/kg (Rat)	-

See section 16 for terms and abbreviations

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

**Skin corrosion/irritation** Causes skin irritation.

**Serious eye damage/eye irritation** Causes eye irritation.

**Respiratory or skin sensitization** No information available.

Germ cell mutagenicity No information available.

**Carcinogenicity** Not expected to be carcinogenic. Contains a known or suspected carcinogen.

Chemical name	Australia	European Union	IARC
Xylene - 1330-20-7	-	-	Group 3

#### IARC (International Agency for Research on Cancer)

Group 3 - Not Classifiable as to Carcinogenicity in Humans

**Reproductive toxicity** Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

**STOT - single exposure** No information available.

**STOT - repeated exposure** No information available.

**Aspiration hazard** May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

## **Section 12: Ecological information**

## **Ecotoxicity**

Aquatic ecotoxicity Keep out of waterways.

ı	Chemical name	Algae/aquatic plants	Fish	Toxicity to	Crustacea
				microorganisms	
ſ	Xylene	-	LC50: =13.4mg/L (96h,	-	EC50: =3.82mg/L (48h,
1			Pimephales promelas)		water flea)
1			LC50: 2.661 -		LC50: =0.6mg/L (48h,
1			4.093mg/L (96h,		Gammarus lacustris)
1			Oncorhynchus mykiss)		
1			LC50: 13.5 - 17.3mg/L		
L			(96h, Oncorhynchus		

		mykiss)		
		LC50: 13.1 - 16.5mg/L		
		(96h, Lepomis		
		macrochirus)		
		LC50: =19mg/L (96h,		
		Lepomis macrochirus)		
		LC50: 7.711 -		
		9.591mg/L (96h,		
		Lepomis macrochirus)		
		LC50: 23.53 -		
		29.97mg/L (96h,		
		Pimephales promelas)		
		LC50: =780mg/L (96h,		
		Cyprinus carpio)		
		LC50: >780mg/L (96h,		
		Cyprinus carpio)		
		LC50: 30.26 -		
		40.75mg/L (96h,		
		Poecilia reticulata)		
n-Butyl acetate	EC50: =674.7mg/L (72h,		-	-
	Desmodesmus	Lepomis macrochirus)		
	subspicatus)	LC50: 17 - 19mg/L (96h,		
		Pimephales promelas)		
Ethyl 3-ethoxy propionate	-	LC50: =62mg/L (96h,	-	EC50: =970mg/L (48h,
		Pimephales promelas)		Daphnia magna)

**Terrestrial ecotoxicity** There is no data for this product.

Persistence and degradability

Persistence and degradability No information available.

Bioaccumulative potential

**Bioaccumulation** There is no data for this product.

**Component Information** 

Chemical name	Partition coefficient
Xylene	3.15
n-Butyl acetate	2.3
Ethyl 3-ethoxy propionate	1.47
Dibutyl tin dilaurate	4.44

**Mobility** 

**Mobility** No information available.

Other adverse effects

Other adverse effects No information available.

## Section 13: Disposal considerations

Waste treatment methods

Waste from residues/unused Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Dispose of waste in accordance with

**products** environmental legislation.

**Contaminated packaging**Dispose of contents/containers in accordance with local regulations.

See section 8 for more information

## Section 14: Transport information

ADG Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the Australian Dangerous Goods Code

(ADG Code) for Transport by Road and Rail; DANGEROUS GOODS.

UN number or ID number 1307

Proper shipping name FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (CONTAINS XYLENE)

Transport hazard class(es) 3
Packing group III
Hazchem code 3Y

IATA Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Air Transport Association

(IATA) Dangerous Goods Regulations for transport by air; DANGEROUS GOODS.

UN number 1307

UN proper shipping name FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (CONTAINS XYLENE)

Transport hazard class(es) 3
Packing group III

IMDG Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Maritime Dangerous

Goods Code (IMDG Code) for transport by sea; DANGEROUS GOODS.

UN number 1307

UN proper shipping name FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (CONTAINS XYLENE)

 Transport hazard class(es)
 3

 Packing group
 III

 IMDG EMS Fire
 F-E

 IMDG EMS Spill
 S-D

#### Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

No information available

## Section 15: Regulatory information

## Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

## National regulations

#### Australia

Classified as a hazardous substance in accordance with the criteria of Safe Work Australia - Globally Harmonized System (GHS). Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the Australian Dangerous Goods Code (ADG Code) for Transport by Road and Rail; DANGEROUS GOODS.

See section 8 for national exposure control parameters

#### Standard for Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP)

Classified as a scheduled poison according to the Standard for Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP)

Poison Schedule Number 7

#### **Australian Industrial Chemicals Introduction Scheme (AICIS)**

-

	Australian Industrial Chemicals Introduction Scheme (AICIS)	Additional information
Xylene - 1330-20-7	Present	-
n-Butyl acetate - 123-86-4	Present	-
Ethyl 3-ethoxy propionate - 763-69-9	Present	-
Dibutyl tin dilaurate - 77-58-7	Present	-

## **Illicit Drug Precursors/Reagents**

This product does not contain any substance(s) on the Illicit Drug Precursors/Reagents list.

#### **National pollutant inventory**

Subject to reporting requirement

Subject to reporting requirement	
Chemical name	National pollutant inventory
Xylene - 1330-20-7	10 tonne/yr Threshold category 1 including individual or
	mixed isomers
n-Butyl acetate - 123-86-4	20 MW Threshold category 2b total
	60000 MWH Threshold category 2b total
	1 tonne/h Threshold category 2a total
	25 tonne/yr Threshold category 1a total
	400 tonne/yr Threshold category 2a total
	2000 tonne/yr Threshold category 2b total
Ethyl 3-ethoxy propionate - 763-69-9	20 MW Threshold category 2b total
	60000 MWH Threshold category 2b total
	1 tonne/h Threshold category 2a total
	25 tonne/yr Threshold category 1a total
	400 tonne/yr Threshold category 2a total
	2000 tonne/yr Threshold category 2b total
Dibutyl tin dilaurate - 77-58-7	10 tonne/yr Threshold category 1

## **International Inventories**

All the constituents of this material are listed on the Australian Inventory of Industrial

Chemicals.

**NZIoC** Contact supplier for inventory compliance status. Contact supplier for inventory compliance status. **TSCA** Contact supplier for inventory compliance status. **DSL/NDSL EINECS/ELINCS** Contact supplier for inventory compliance status. Contact supplier for inventory compliance status. **ENCS** Contact supplier for inventory compliance status. **IECSC** Contact supplier for inventory compliance status. **KECL PICCS** Contact supplier for inventory compliance status.

## Legend:

**AllC- Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals** 

NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory

**DSL/NDSL** - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List

EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances/European List of Notified Chemical Substances

**ENCS** - Japan Existing and New Chemical Substances

IECSC - China Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances

**KECL** - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances

PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

## **International Regulations**

The Montreal Protocol on Substances that Deplete the Ozone Layer Not applicable

The Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants Not applicable

The Rotterdam Convention Not applicable

## Section 16: Other information

Supplier Safety Data Sheet

Reason(s) For Issue: First Issue Primary SDS

Prepared By

This Safety Data Sheet has been prepared by IXOM Operations Pty Ltd (Toxicology and

SDS Services).

Revision date: 07-Oct-2024

**Revision Note:** 

The symbol (\*) in the margin of this SDS indicates that this line has been revised.

#### Key or legend to abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet

#### Legend

SVHC: Substances of Very High Concern for Authorization:
PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative, and Toxic (PBT) Substances
vPvB: Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative (vPvB) Substances

STOT: Specific Target Organ Toxicity

ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate
LC50: 50% Lethal Concentration

LD50: 50% Lethal Dose

## Legend Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

TWA TWA (time-weighted average) STEL STEL (Short Term Exposure Limit)

Ceiling Maximum limit value \* Skin designation

C Carcinogen

#### Key literature references and sources for data used to compile the SDS

Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry (ATSDR) U.S. Environmental Protection Agency ChemView Database

European Food Safety Authority (EFSA)

**Environmental Protection Agency** 

Acute Exposure Guideline Level(s) (AEGL(s))

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency High Production Volume Chemicals

Food Research Journal

Hazardous Substance Database

International Uniform Chemical Information Database (IUCLID)

National Institute of Technology and Evaluation (NITE)

Australia National Industrial Chemicals Notification and Assessment Scheme (NICNAS)

Australian Industrial Chemicals Introduction Scheme (AICIS)

NIOSH (National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health)

National Library of Medicine's ChemID Plus (NLM CIP)

National Library of Medicine's PubMed database (NLM PUBMED)

U.S. National Toxicology Program (NTP)

New Zealand's Chemical Classification and Information Database (CCID)

Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development Environment, Health, and Safety Publications Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development High Production Volume Chemicals Program

Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development Screening Information Data Set World Health Organization

### **Disclaimer**

This SDS summarises to our best knowledge at the date of issue, the chemical health and safety hazards of the material and general guidance on how to safely handle the material in the workplace. Since Liquimix Pty Ltd cannot anticipate or control the conditions under which the product may be used, each user must, prior to usage, assess and control the risks arising from its use of the material.

If clarification or further information is needed, the user should contact their Liquimix representative or Liquimix Pty Ltd at the contact details on page 1.

Liquimix Pty Ltd's responsibility for the material as sold is subject to the terms and conditions of sale, a copy of which is available upon request.

**End of Safety Data Sheet**